

TULISAN 5

GENERALISASI DAN KETENTUAN^M / GENERALISASI DAN KEKHUSUSAN^I Generalisations and Specifics

A generalisation is a statement which we believe to be true, or can be proven to be true, about a particular state of affairs. We make generalisations all the time when we speak. A statement such as *Australia is hot country* is a generalisation. So are statements such as *Smoking is bad for your health* or *Immigrants enrich the cultural life of a nation*, as well as *The economy will continue to decline over the next year* and *Crime is on the increase*.

Generalisations may be expressions of personal opinion, or they may be statements of actual fact. All generalisations must be supported. Without such support you cannot hope to convince your reader that your generalisation is true. You support factual generalisations with statements of fact, and you support generalisations of personal opinion with examples based on your experiences or the experiences of others.

ISTILAH

Bahagian 1:

Istilah Generalisasi dan Ketentuan

(Pada) umumnya / Secara umum ___
In general / Generally speaking ___

Pada keseluruhannya ___
On the whole ___

*Pada umumnya adalah tidak adil untuk /
jika ___ . Berdasarkan pengalaman
sendiri, saya boleh katakan ___*
It is generally unfair to / if ___ . Based on
my (own) experience, I can say ___

Bagian 1:

Istilah Generalisasi dan Kekhususan

Secara umum ___
In general / Generally speaking ___

Secara menyeluruh ___
On the whole ___

*Secara umum adalah tidak adil untuk /
jika ___ . Berdasarkan pengalaman
sendiri, saya bisa katakan ___*
It is generally unfair to / if ___ . Based on
my (own) experience, I can say ___